Do Humor and Relatability Predict Interviewer Performance?

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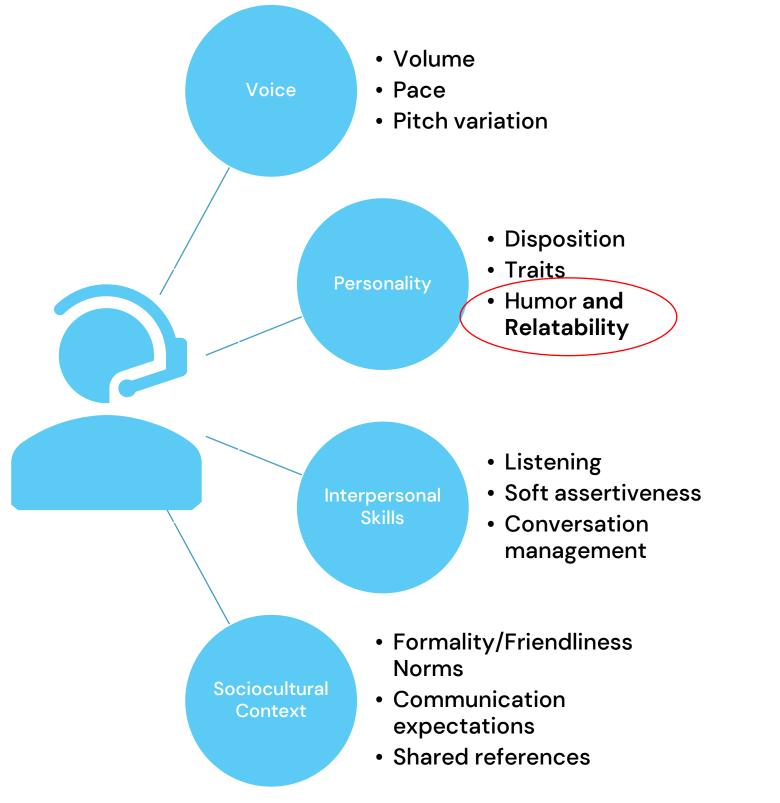


- Being relatable and easy to talk to contribute to interviewer success
- Humor is part of what makes people relatable
- Extensive research exists on interviewer rapport^{1, 2}
- But... little research on humor and relatability in particular³

¹Beatty, P. (2001). Standardization in survey research: How did it get here and how far should it go? ISI - International Statistical Institute. https://2001.isiproceedings.org/pdf/713.PDF

²Likert, R. (1947). The sample interview survey: A fundamental research tool of the social sciences. In Current trends in psychology (pp. 196–225). University of Pittsburgh Press. https://doi.org/10.1037/13989-008

³Lavin, D., & Maynard, D. W. (2001). Standardization vs. Rapport: Respondent Laughter and Interviewer Reaction during Telephone Surveys. American Sociological Review, 66(3), 453-479. https://doi.org/10.2307/3088888



Factors **Contributing to** Interviewer Success

- Are subjective assessments of interviewers' relatability and <u>sense of humor (i.e., how funny they are perceived to be)</u> correlated with important performance metrics?
 - Contact
 - Refusals
 - Refusal conversions
 - Cooperation

- Quality Assurance (QA) monitors nominate interviewers into two overlapping groups:
 - Best sense of humor
 - Most relatable
 - "Among all the current interviewers you've observed or interacted with, including formal and informal interactions, and QA monitoring sessions, who do you think has the best sense of humor? Who makes you laugh? You can list as many interviewers as you can think of."
 - "Thinking about the same interviewer interactions, who do you think is the most relatable? Please list interviewers again here if they are also in your answer above (i.e., if you find them funny and relatable)."

- Supervisors and team leads have more direct and varied interactions with interviewers
 - But...issue of "picking favorites" arises
- QA staff hear interviewers across more interactions with respondents
 - Focus on their professional role alone

Nominations create four groups of interviewers:

- neither funny nor relatable 1)
- 2) funny, not relatable
- 3) relatable, not funny
- 4) funny and relatable
- Dimension strength: Number of nominations each interviewer • receives across QA monitors

- Compare differences in key performance indicators between groups
 - Contact
 - Refusals
 - Refusal conversions
 - Cooperation
- Using interviewer performance data over a one-month (at least) period

Expectations and Hypotheses

- Expect sizes of groups to differ
 - Largest group: "neither funny nor relatable"
 - Smallest: "funny and relatable"
- Being funny or relatable reduces refusals, and increases refusal conversion and cooperation rates

- Strongest effect for "funny and relatable" group

 Include performance metrics we don't expect to be affected as cross-check/triangulation

Current Status and Next Steps

- Work in progress, so <u>very</u> open to your ideas
- We have....
 - ...reached out to QA team for input (3 bilingual QA monitors)
 - ...identified data sources for performance metrics
- Next steps...
 - ...assemble data
 - ...analyze data

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Extrapolations to Other Modes

Face-to-face

- Brings smiles and other nonverbals
- Other ways to communicate humor and relatability
 - E.g., "Do you look like me?"

Avatars?

- Can an animated character tell a joke?
- Can it empathize?
- Self-administration
 - If humor works, why not employ it in writing
 - Can be more difficult to convey
 - Humor v. light-heartedness

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Thank you!

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